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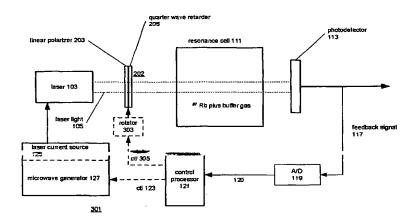
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(54) Title: IMPROVED OPTICALLY EXCITED ATOMIC FREQUENCY STANDARD



(57) Abstract: An optically-excited atomic frequency standard that subjects alkali metal atoms (111) to circularly-polarized optical radiation. The atomic frequency standard is improved by the use of a circular polarizer (202) to control the intensity of the circularlypolarized optical radiation. The circular polarizer includes a linear polarizer (203) and a quarter-wave retarder (205), with the light to be circularly polarized passing first through the linear polarizer (203) and then through the quarter-wave retarder (205). In the atomic frequency standard, the optical radiation (105) to which the circular polarizer (202) is applied is itself linearly polarized, and the intensity of the circularly polarized light produced by the circular polarizer (202) is controlled by rotating (303) the circular polarizer. The degree of rotation determines how much of the linearly-polarized optical radiation passes through the linear polarizer, and thus how much circularly-polarized light is produced.

 $P^{(n)} \in \mathbb{N}^{n} \cup \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$

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